

Propagating Fruit Trees from Cuttings

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- Pima County Certified Master Gardener
- SmartScape Certified
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Our Philosophy

- Healthy soil encourages healthy plants
- Healthy plants require fewer pesticides and fertilizers (inputs)
- Limit external inputs
- Reduce water usage
- •Garden with our climate not against it
- Encourage a natural ecosystem



The Soil Food Web Arthropods Shredders Nematodes Root-feeders Arthropods Predators Birds Nematodes Fungal- and bacterial-feeders Fungi Mycorrhizal fungi Saprophytic fungi Nematodes **Plants** Predators Shoots and Organic Protozoa Amoebae, flagellates, Matter and ciliates Waste, residue and **Animals** metabolites from Bacteria plants, animals and microbes. Third Fifth and higher

First trophic level: **Photosynthesizers**

Second trophic level:

Decomposers Mutualists Pathogens, Parasites Root-feeders

trophic level:

Shredders **Predators** Grazers

Fourth trophic level: Higher level predators

trophic levels: Higher level

predators

How to Plants Reproduce

- Sexual Propagation
- Asexual Propagation



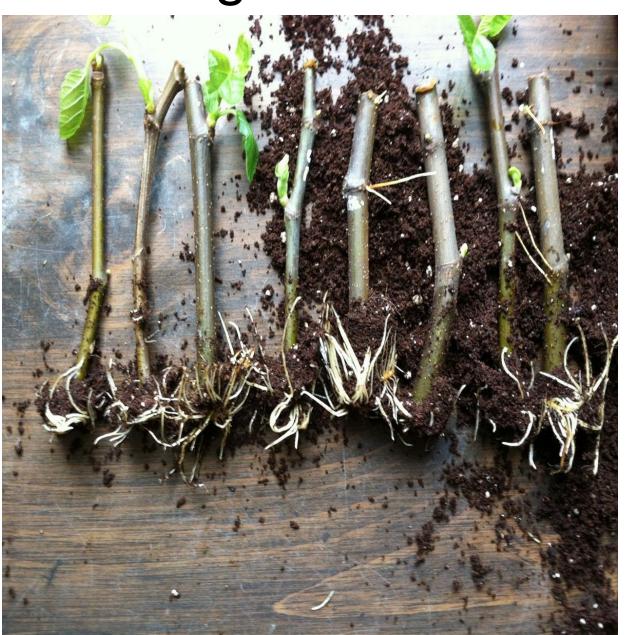
Vegetative Propagation



- Layering
- Division
- Bulbs and Corms
- Rhizomes & Stolons
- Grafting
- Cuttings

Advantages

- Cloning
- Head Start
- Bigger, Stronger,
 Faster



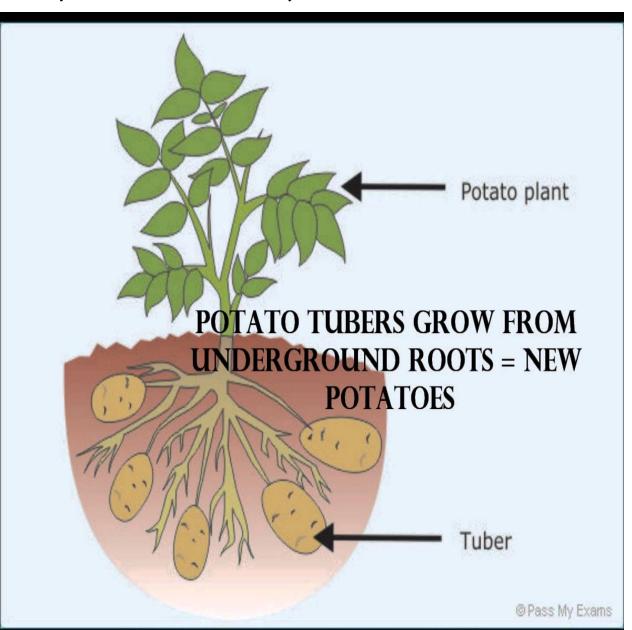
Bulbs, Corms



UndergroundStorage Organs

Rhizomes, Stolons, Tubers

- Modified Stems
- Traveling Roots



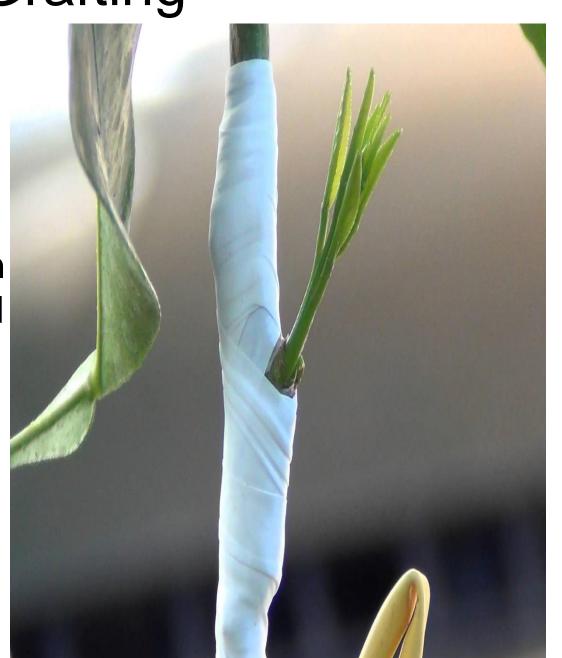
Division

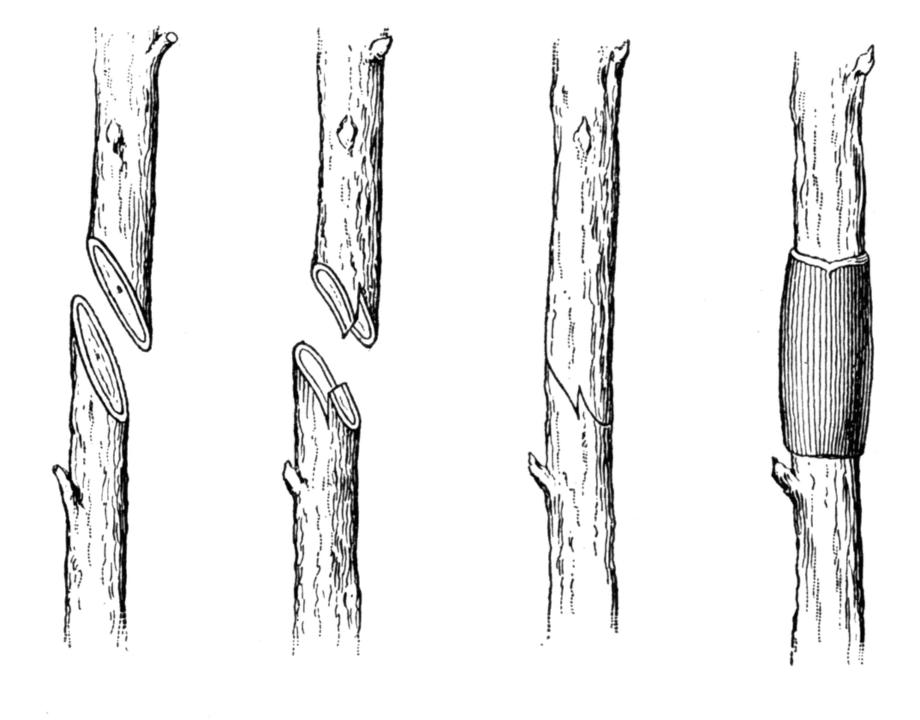


- Perennial Plants
- Divide Every Few Years

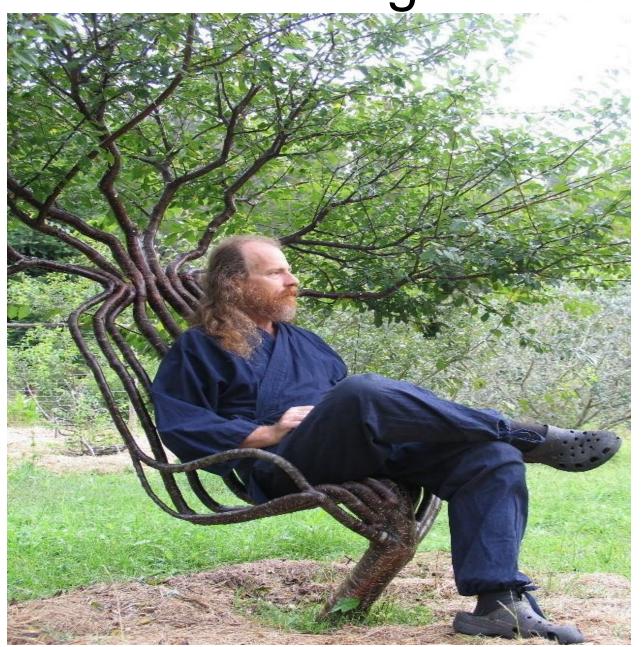
Grafting

- Most Common
 Method of Propagation
- Fruit Stocks Attached to Root Stock
- Requires More Skill and Special Tools





Advantages of Grafting



- Easy
- Percosity
- Dwarfing
- Hardiness
- DiseaseResistance
- Curiosities

Air-Layering



- Long Rooting Process
- Bury Stem or Mimic Burial
- Large Branches

Cuttings

- Stem of Mother Plant that Forms Roots When Cut
 - Versatile
 - Low Success Rate
 - Easy!



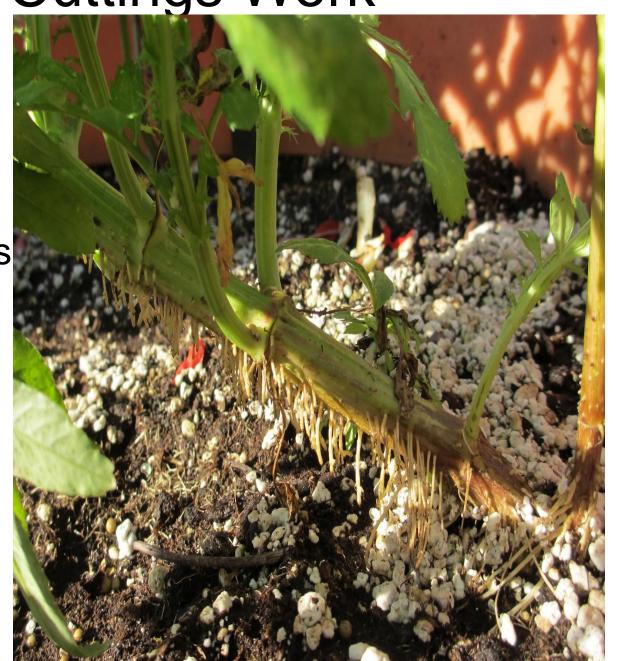
What are Cuttings



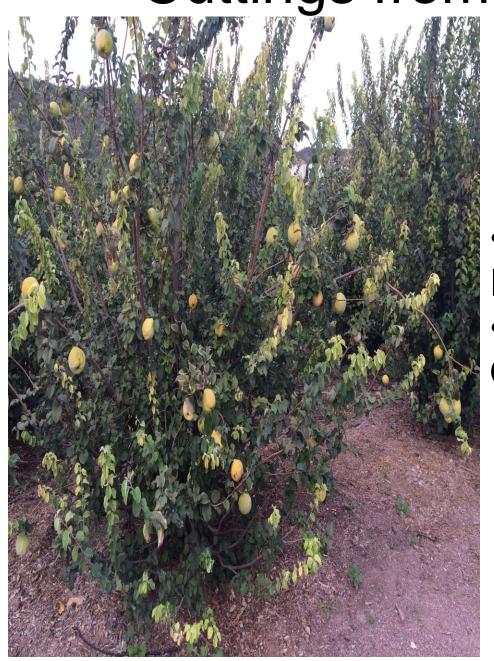
- Section of Stem, Leaf, or Root
- Forms New Roots
- Eventually new Shoots

Why Cuttings Work

- Advantiitious Roots
- Latent Roots
- "De Novo" Roots



Cuttings from Fruit Trees



- Not all Trees are Recommended for Cuttings
- Figs, Olive, Pom, and Quince do Best.

Some Cutting Tips



- Prep Materials
 Beforehand
- Be Clean
- Select Appropriate
 Varieties
- Take Hardwood
 Cuttings in Winter

More Cutting Tips

- Use Rooting Hormone
- Keep Humid
- Maintain Moisture
- Trim Leaves
- Keep Constant



Preparing a Stem Cutting

- Take Hardwood
 Cuttings when Dormant
- Remove Leaves from Evergreen Cuttings
- Thickness of a Pencil
- Pay Attention to Direction of Stem



Growing Medium

- Must Support Root Growth
- Not Hold too Much Moisture
- Nutrients not Important
- 50% Coco Chips and Fiber
- 50% Perlite



Maintaining Cuttings



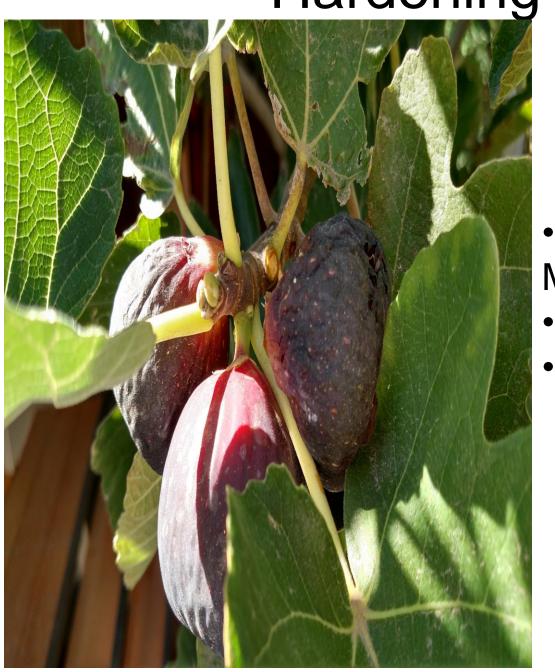
- Oxygen Exchange Important
- Low Light Ok
- Keep Warm
- Maintain Humidity

Moisture

- Use Cover or Create Humidity Chamber
- Mist Daily
- Gas Exchange
 Important



Hardening Off



- Gradually Decrease
 Misting
- Transfer to Potting Soil
- Move Outdoors

Resources

- Mission Garden
- •EcoGro
- Reading List
- Community Food Bank
- Local Businesses
- Friends and Family







Thank you! www.southwestvictorygardens.com/Documents (520) 576-7085